

The Better Angels Of Our Nature

The better angels of our nature is a phrase that has resonated through history, inspiring individuals and societies to strive for goodness, compassion, and moral integrity. Coined by President Abraham Lincoln in his first inaugural address, the phrase embodies the enduring belief that within each of us lies an innate capacity for kindness, empathy, and moral courage that can guide us through times of crisis and conflict. Understanding and nurturing these better angels is essential for fostering a more compassionate and just world. This article explores the origins of the phrase, its relevance in contemporary society, and practical ways to cultivate the better angels of our nature in our daily lives.

The Origin and Significance of the Phrase

Historical Context of Lincoln's Use

In March 1861, amid the tumult of an impending Civil War, Abraham Lincoln delivered his first inaugural address. Faced with a nation teetering on the brink of division, Lincoln sought to appeal to the shared values that could unite Americans. He famously stated, "The better angels of our nature," urging Americans to choose compassion, moderation, and reconciliation over hatred and violence. His words reflected a deep faith in the moral capacity of individuals to transcend their differences and work toward a common good.

Philosophical Foundations

The phrase draws inspiration from the Enlightenment ideals of human rationality and moral virtue. It emphasizes that human nature is not solely driven by selfishness or conflict; rather, it contains the potential for goodness that can be cultivated through education, reflection, and moral effort. Philosophers like Immanuel Kant and John Stuart Mill have long argued that moral development and virtue are essential components of human flourishing.

The Relevance of the Better Angels in Contemporary Society

Addressing Modern Challenges

In an era marked by political polarization, social divisions, environmental crises, and global conflicts, the call to activate our better angels is more urgent than ever. It reminds us that despite differences, humans share common aspirations for safety, dignity, and community. Recognizing and nurturing these qualities can help bridge divides and foster collaborative solutions.

The Role of Empathy and Compassion

Empathy—the ability to understand and share the feelings of others—is a cornerstone of the better angels of our nature. Compassion, which extends empathy into action, motivates us to help those in need and to seek justice. Cultivating these qualities can lead to more inclusive societies and reduce violence and discrimination.

Cultivating the Better Angels of Our Nature

Personal Development Strategies

Fostering the better angels requires active effort and self-awareness. Here are some practical steps individuals can take:

1. **Practice Empathy:** Engage in conversations with diverse perspectives. Listen actively without judgment to understand others' experiences.
2. **Reflect on Moral Values:** Regularly consider what principles guide your actions. Journaling or meditation can help clarify your moral compass.
3. **Engage in Acts of Kindness:** Small gestures—such as helping a neighbor or volunteering—can strengthen your moral muscles and inspire others.
4. **Seek Education and Awareness:** Read about social issues, history, and ethical philosophy to deepen your understanding of human nature and morality.
5. **Cultivate Gratitude:** Recognizing the good in your life fosters humility and a desire to give back to others.

Building Compassionate Communities

Beyond individual efforts, creating environments that nurture the better angels involves collective action:

1. **Promote Inclusive Dialogue:** Encourage open conversations that respect diverse viewpoints and promote understanding.
2. **Support Social Justice Initiatives:** Advocate for policies and programs that reduce inequality and promote fairness.
3. **Foster Education on Moral and Ethical Values:** Incorporate character education in schools to teach empathy, cooperation, and integrity.
4. **Lead by Example:** Community leaders and influencers setting moral standards can inspire wider societal change.

The Role of Leaders and Institutions in Nurturing Our Better Angels

Political and Social Leadership

Effective leaders play a critical role in activating the better angels of society. By exemplifying integrity, humility, and compassion, they can set moral standards and create policies that prioritize human dignity.

Educational Institutions

Schools and universities are powerful platforms for moral development. Incorporating ethics, social-emotional learning, and service projects into curricula can cultivate empathy and social responsibility among students.

Media and Cultural Influence

Media has the capacity to shape perceptions and promote stories of kindness, resilience, and moral courage. By highlighting positive role models and constructive narratives, media can inspire audiences to act with integrity and compassion.

Challenges to Activating the Better Angels

Overcoming Selfishness and Fear

Human nature also contains tendencies toward selfishness, fear, and aggression. Recognizing these tendencies is the first step toward overcoming them. Techniques such as mindfulness, emotional regulation, and perspective-taking can help mitigate negative impulses.

Counteracting Societal Divisions

Deep-rooted social, political, and economic divides can hinder the activation of our better angels. Promoting dialogue, understanding, and shared goals is essential for healing divisions.

Addressing Systemic Issues

Structural problems such as inequality, discrimination, and injustice can impede moral progress. Addressing these systemic issues requires collective effort and a commitment to fairness and human rights.

Conclusion: Embracing Our Better Angels for a Brighter Future

The phrase **the better angels of our nature** serves as a timeless reminder that amid chaos and conflict, our highest moral capacities can guide us toward compassion, justice, and peace. Cultivating these qualities individually and collectively is an ongoing process—one that requires self-awareness, intentional action, and societal support. By nurturing empathy, kindness, and moral integrity, we can forge a future where the better angels of our nature prevail, leading to a more harmonious and humane world. Remember, the choice to activate our better angels lies within each of us. As we face the challenges of the 21st century, let us commit to fostering the virtues that can transform our societies and uplift the human spirit. Together, we can create a world aligned with the noblest aspects of our shared humanity.

The Better Angels of Our Nature: An In-Depth Exploration of Humanity's Capacity for Good

In 2011, historian Steven Pinker published his influential book titled *The Better Angels of Our Nature*, asserting that despite the prevalent

narrative of decline and chaos, humanity has been steadily progressing toward less violence and greater compassion. The phrase itself, borrowed from Abraham Lincoln's 1838 Lyceum Address, encapsulates the optimistic belief that our innate virtues—empathy, reason, and moral progress—are the guiding forces shaping a more peaceful and humane world. This concept challenges the often sensationalized view that humans are inherently violent or selfish, instead emphasizing that, over centuries, our "better angels" have increasingly guided our collective behavior.

The Origin and Significance of the Phrase

The phrase "the better angels of our nature" originates from Abraham Lincoln's speech, where he urged Americans to appeal to their higher instincts rather than their baser impulses. Lincoln believed that individuals possess an innate moral compass that, if nurtured, can lead society toward justice and harmony. Pinker's use of this phrase underscores a core thesis: despite setbacks and atrocities, the long-term trend shows a decline in violence and an improvement in human well-being. It's a call to recognize and foster our capacity for kindness, empathy, and rationality.

The Historical Perspective: Violence Decline Over Millennia

One of Pinker's key arguments is that, contrary to popular belief, violence has significantly decreased over centuries. This decline isn't accidental but the result of complex social, political, and cultural transformations.

Key Historical Trends

1. Prehistoric Violence: Evidence suggests that early human societies, while not uniformly violent, often engaged in lethal conflicts, driven by competition for resources.
1. Ancient Civilizations: Empires like Rome and China displayed both periods of brutal conquest and sophisticated legal codes aimed at reducing internal violence.
1. Middle Ages: Despite tales of feudal brutality, some regions experienced reductions in violence due to stabilization efforts, legal reforms, and religious influences promoting peace.
1. Modern Era: The 19th and 20th centuries saw unprecedented declines in interstate wars, genocides, and violent crime rates, especially in the Western world.

Indicators of Decline

1. War Deaths: According to Pinker, the percentage of people dying from war has decreased dramatically since the 20th century.

2. Homicide Rates: Many countries have seen notable reductions in murder rates over the past century.
3. Torture and Cruelty: Abolition movements have led to bans on torture and cruel punishments in most nations.

The Psychological Foundations of Our “Better Angels”

Understanding why humans tend toward kindness and moral progress involves delving into psychological and evolutionary factors.

Empathy and Compassion

Empathy—the capacity to understand and share another’s feelings—is central to our social nature. It fosters cooperation and altruism, which are vital for social cohesion.

1. Mirror neurons in the brain activate when we observe others’ actions or emotions, facilitating empathetic responses.
2. Cultural norms and education amplify our innate empathy, encouraging acts of kindness and charity.

Reason and Rationality

Humans possess advanced reasoning abilities that allow us to question violence, consider long-term consequences, and develop moral philosophies.

1. Enlightenment ideals emphasized reason as a tool for progress.
2. Rational debate and scientific understanding have led to societal reforms and human rights.

Moral Progress and Cultural Evolution

Over generations, societies have developed norms that promote fairness, justice, and compassion.

1. The abolition of slavery, women’s rights, and children’s protections are examples of moral evolution.
2. These changes often stem from increased awareness, advocacy, and moral enlightenment.

The Role of Institutions and Societal Structures

While individual virtues are vital, societal institutions play a crucial role in cultivating the better angels of our nature.

Legal Systems and Justice

1. Laws and courts serve as mechanisms to deter violence and uphold moral standards.
2. The development of international law aims to prevent war and genocide.

Education and Cultural Norms

1. Education fosters empathy, critical thinking, and moral reasoning.
2. Media, literature, and arts shape cultural norms that valorize kindness and condemn cruelty.

Economic and Political Stability

1. Economic well-being reduces competition-driven violence.
2. Democratic governance and human rights protections create environments conducive to moral progress.

Challenges and Counterarguments

Despite compelling evidence of progress, critics argue that:

1. Violence persists: Conflicts, terrorism, and domestic violence remain significant issues.
2. Biases and prejudices: Prejudice, xenophobia, and nationalism threaten social cohesion.
3. Regression and setbacks: Historical trends show periods of regression, such as wartime atrocities or authoritarian regimes.

However, Pinker and others suggest that acknowledging these challenges does not negate the overarching trend toward improvement. Instead, it highlights the importance of continued effort and vigilance.

Practical Ways to Foster Our Better Angels

Encouraging the better angels of our nature involves both individual actions and systemic reforms.

Personal Actions

1. Practice empathy daily: listen actively and seek understanding.
2. Engage in acts of kindness and volunteerism.
3. Educate oneself about different cultures and histories to broaden perspectives.
4. Promote dialogue and conflict resolution skills.

Societal and Policy Initiatives

1. Support education systems that teach moral reasoning and emotional intelligence.
2. Advocate for policies that promote social justice and reduce inequality.
3. Strengthen international cooperation to prevent conflicts.

4. Promote media literacy to combat misinformation and hatred.

Conclusion: Embracing Our Innate Capacity for Good

The better angels of our nature remind us that, despite the many challenges humanity faces, our innate virtues—empathy, reason, and moral capacity—are powerful forces for positive change. Recognizing this potential encourages us to nurture these qualities within ourselves and society, fostering a future where compassion and justice are not just ideals but lived realities. As Pinker’s analysis demonstrates, the long arc of history bends—albeit slowly—toward kindness and understanding. Embracing and cultivating our better angels is not only a moral imperative but also a pragmatic strategy for building a more peaceful, equitable, and humane world.

In summary, the better angels of our nature serve as a guiding principle that underscores humanity’s capacity for goodness amid adversity. By understanding the historical trends, psychological foundations, societal structures, and practical steps involved, we can actively participate in the ongoing journey of moral and social progress—trusting that our innate virtues can—and will—prevail.

Questions & Answers About the better angels of our nature

No	Question	Answer
1	What is the main thesis of 'The Better Angels of Our Nature' by Steven Pinker?	The book argues that, contrary to popular belief, violence has declined over long stretches of history due to various social, cultural, and institutional improvements, highlighting the progress of human kindness and reason.
2	How does Pinker explain the decline in violence throughout history?	Pinker attributes the decline to factors such as the rise of the state, commerce, literacy, cosmopolitanism, and human rights, which have collectively fostered empathy, self-control, and cooperation.
3	What role do 'the better angels' play in modern society according to Pinker?	They represent the innate human capacities for empathy, reason, and moral development that have contributed to reducing violence and promoting cooperation in contemporary society.
4	How has Pinker addressed criticisms that his thesis overlooks ongoing violence and conflict?	Pinker acknowledges that violence still exists but emphasizes the overall long-term decline, arguing that the trend is positive and that understanding these improvements can inspire further progress.

5	In what ways does Pinker suggest we can continue to foster 'the better angels'?	He advocates for education, reasoned discourse, human rights advocacy, and social policies that promote empathy, compassion, and cooperation among individuals and nations.
6	How does 'The Better Angels of Our Nature' relate to current discussions on social and political polarization?	The book provides a historical perspective on the decline of violence, suggesting that increased understanding and empathy can help bridge divisions, though Pinker also notes the importance of addressing modern sources of conflict.
7	Why has 'The Better Angels of Our Nature' gained popularity in recent years?	Its optimistic view of human progress resonates amidst global challenges, offering a hopeful narrative backed by extensive data that encourages continued efforts toward peace and kindness.

morality, humanity, compassion, empathy, virtue, ethics, kindness, peace, altruism, hope