

Ted Greene Modern Chord Progressions

Understanding Ted Greene and His Influence on Modern Chord Progressions

ted greene modern chord progressions have garnered significant attention among guitarists, musicians, and music enthusiasts worldwide. Ted Greene, a legendary guitarist and music educator, revolutionized the way players think about harmony, voice leading, and chord construction. His innovative approach to chord progressions has influenced countless musicians and continues to shape modern guitar playing and songwriting. Born in 1946, Ted Greene was renowned for his mastery of jazz harmony, his intricate chord voicings, and his ability to create emotionally compelling progressions. Greene's teachings emphasize the importance of understanding the theoretical foundations behind chords, enabling musicians to craft progressions that are both sophisticated and accessible. This article explores the core elements of Ted Greene's modern chord progressions, their theoretical underpinnings, and practical applications for today's musicians.

The Foundations of Ted Greene's Chord Philosophy

Holistic Approach to Harmony

Ted Greene believed that harmony is more than just stacking chords; it's about creating a musical conversation between chords that flows naturally and emotionally. His approach encourages musicians to:

- Understand chord construction at a granular level
- Focus on voice leading to smooth transitions
- Use chord substitutions creatively

The Power of Voice Leading

One of Greene's key principles was voice leading—the art of moving individual notes within chords to neighboring tones. Proper voice leading creates seamless, melodious progressions that sound polished and intentional. Greene often employed voice leading techniques such as:

- Moving individual voices by half or whole steps
- Using common tones to transition smoothly between chords
- Resolving dissonances naturally

Chord Voicings and Extensions

Greene's mastery lay in his innovative voicings—adding extensions like 9ths, 11ths, and 13ths to basic triads and seventh chords. These extensions add color and emotional depth, making progressions more expressive. His voicings often incorporated: - Drop-2 and drop-3 chord voicings - Open-string voicings for resonance - Non-diatonic tones for color and tension

Key Components of Ted Greene's Modern Chord Progressions

1. Use of Modal Interchange and Borrowed Chords

Ted Greene frequently employed modal interchange—borrowing chords from parallel modes—to add variety and emotional nuance. For example: - Borrowing a iv chord from the parallel minor in a major key - Using bVII or bVI chords for a bluesy or Lydian flavor - Creating unexpected color by substituting chords from related modes

2. Chord Substitutions and Tritone Substitutes

Greene's progressions often feature creative substitutions to enrich harmonic interest. Notable techniques include: - Tritone substitutions: replacing dominant chords with a chord a tritone away (e.g., substituting D7 with Ab7) - Relative minor/major substitutions: swapping chords with their relative minors or majors

3. Chromatic Voice Leading

A hallmark of Greene's style is the use of chromatic movement within chord tones, creating smooth yet colorful transitions. Techniques involve: - Moving a single note chromatically while maintaining the rest of the chord - Using passing chords to connect diatonic chords chromatically

4. Modal and Non-Diatonic Progressions

Greene often explored modal progressions, incorporating non-diatonic chords to evoke specific moods. Examples include: - Mixolydian dominant sequences - Phrygian-influenced progressions - Chromatic mediant

Practical Examples of Ted Greene's Modern Chord Progressions

Below are some representative progressions inspired by Ted Greene's techniques, demonstrating how to incorporate his ideas into your playing.

Example 1: A Smooth ii-V-I with Extended Voicings

- Dm9 – G13 – Cmaj9 Voice Leading Tips: - Use drop-2 voicings for each chord - Voice lead by moving the 3rd and 7th tones smoothly between chords - Add extensions for color (9ths, 13ths)

Example 2: Modal Interchange for Color

- C – F – Ab – G7 Application: - Borrow the Ab chord from the C minor parallel mode - Use G7 as a dominant leading back to C or as a modal interchange pivot

Example 3: Tritone Substitution in a Blues Progression

- C7 – Ab7 – G7 – F7 Details: - Replace D7 with Ab7 for a chromatic, jazz-inflected sound - Use voice leading to connect the chords smoothly

Example 4: Chromatic Passing Chords

- C – Cdim7 – Dm7 – G7 Technique: - Use passing diminished chords to create tension and release - Emphasize chromatic movement in individual voices

Applying Ted Greene's Techniques to Modern Music

Musicians today can incorporate Greene's principles across genres—from jazz and blues to pop and rock. Here's how:

1. Enhance Your Chord Vocabulary

- Learn diverse voicings: drop-2, drop-3, open chords - Master extensions and alterations - Practice voice leading to make transitions smooth

2. Experiment with Modal and Non-Diatonic Progressions

- Incorporate modal interchange to evoke different moods - Use borrowed chords to add surprise and color

3. Use Voice Leading and Chromaticism Creatively

- Connect chords with minimal movement - Introduce passing chords for complexity - Explore chromatic voice movement within progressions

4. Incorporate Chord Substitutions

- Use tritone subs to add harmonic interest - Substitute diatonic chords with related minors or majors

Conclusion: Embracing Ted Greene's Legacy in Modern Composition and Playing

Ted Greene's modern chord progressions emphasize a deep understanding of harmony, voice leading, and creative substitution. His techniques encourage musicians to think beyond basic chords, exploring rich, colorful progressions that evoke emotion and sophistication. Whether you are a jazz guitarist, a pop songwriter, or a classical musician, integrating Greene's principles can elevate your harmonic language and expressive potential. By studying his voicings, progressions, and theoretical insights, musicians can craft more compelling, nuanced music that resonates with listeners. The essence of Ted Greene's approach lies in the balance between technical mastery and emotional expression—an enduring legacy that continues to inspire and inform modern musical creation.

Additional Resources and Practice Tips

- Transcribe and analyze Greene's recordings and arrangements - Practice chord voicings with a focus on voice leading - Experiment with modal interchange and chord substitution in your own progressions - Use a looper pedal or backing tracks to explore extended progressions Embracing Ted Greene's modern chord progressions opens a world of harmonic possibilities. Dive into his teachings, experiment boldly, and develop your unique voice rooted in a deep understanding of harmony and emotion.

Ted Greene Modern Chord Progressions: Unlocking Harmony in the 21st Century *ted greene modern chord progressions* have become a significant point of reference for guitarists, composers, and harmonists aiming to incorporate sophisticated, jazz-infused, and innovative harmonic language into their playing. Renowned for his work as a jazz guitarist, educator, and prolific arranger, Ted Greene's approach to harmony transcended traditional boundaries, blending classical sensibilities with modern jazz idioms. His chord progressions exemplify a masterful command of voice leading, chromaticism, and modal interchange, providing a fertile ground for musicians seeking fresh harmonic perspectives. This article explores the core principles of Greene's modern chord progressions, examines his distinctive techniques, and offers practical insights into incorporating his concepts into contemporary music. The Roots of Ted Greene's Harmonic Philosophy Before delving into specific progressions, understanding Greene's harmonic philosophy is essential. Greene's approach was rooted in a comprehensive understanding of chord construction, voice leading, and modal interchange. He emphasized the importance of voice independence, smooth transitions, and the expressive potential of chords beyond their basic triads. Key influences include: - Classical harmony and counterpoint - Jazz voicings and improvisation - Modal theory and chromaticism - The integration of voice-leading principles from Baroque to modern jazz Greene's mastery lay in blending these elements seamlessly, creating progressions that sound both sophisticated and natural, often evoking a sense of emotional depth and surprise. Fundamental Concepts in Greene's Modern Chord Progressions 1. Extended and Altered Chords Greene frequently employed extended chords—9ths, 11ths, 13ths—and alterations such as flat ninths or sharp elevenths to add color and tension. These chords serve as the building blocks of his progressions, providing rich harmonic textures. Examples include: - Dominant 7th chords with altered extensions (e.g., G7^b9#11) - Minor chords with added 9ths and 11ths for a modal flavor - Superseded or “replaced” chords that add chromatic interest 2. Modal Interchange and Borrowed Chords A hallmark of Greene's progressions is the use of modal interchange—borrowing chords from parallel modes or keys to create unexpected harmonic shifts. Common practices: - Borrowing from the Lydian or Dorian modes for color - Using iv chords in a major key to introduce a minor flavor - Incorporating borrowed chords like flat-VI or flat-VII for a bluesy or modal feel 3. Voice Leading and Smooth Transitions Greene's mastery of voice leading ensures that chord transitions are fluid. He often prioritized the minimal movement of individual voices, which results in seamless progressions. Techniques include: - Common-tone retention - Stepwise

movement of individual voices - Use of passing tones and chromatic neighbor tones

4. Chromaticism and Tension-Resolution

Greene utilized chromatic voice movement to produce tension and release, adding drama and sophistication to progressions. Strategies:

- Chromatic passing chords between diatonic chords
- Leading tones that resolve by semitone
- Utilizing diminished or altered chords as passing tones

Analyzing Ted Greene's Signature Progressions

A. The Modal Suite

One of Greene's signature approaches involves modal interchange, creating progressions that shift subtly between modes. Example progression: | Cmaj7 | Dm7 | Em7 | Fmaj7 | G7 | Cmaj7 | In Greene's style, this might be expanded with:

- Adding a G7b9 before resolving to Cmaj7
- Using Dm7 and Em7 with added extensions for color
- Incorporating modal interchange chords like the iv (Fmaj7) borrowed from the Lydian mode

B. Chromatic Voice Leading

Greene often employed chromatic voice leading to connect distant chords smoothly. Example:

- Moving from a G13 to a Gb13 over a bass note, with the inner voices shifting chromatically
- Using diminished chords as passing harmonies

C. The "Colorful" Dominant Progression

A Greene hallmark involves rich, colorful dominants that introduce tension before resolving. Sample sequence: | D7b9 | G7#11 | Cmaj7 | Technique:

- The D7b9 acts as a tritone substitution or altered dominant
- The G7#11 adds a modern, jazz-inflected flavor
- Resolving to the tonic Cmaj7 provides a satisfying release

Practical Applications and Techniques for Modern Musicians

1. Incorporating Extended and Altered Chords

Start by learning common jazz voicings for dominant chords, such as:

- G7b9#11: 3x344x
- G13: 3x3455
- G7#11: 3x3444

Experiment with incorporating these into your progressions, especially before resolving to tonic chords.

2. Modal Borrowing and Chromatic Approaches

Practice borrowing chords from parallel modes:

- In C major, try using Fmaj7 (iv) or Am7 (vi) in unconventional places
- Use chromatic passing chords like F7 between F and G chords for a smooth chromatic glide

3. Voice Leading Exercises

Focus on minimal voice movement:

- Practice moving individual chord tones by semitone or whole tone
- Use common-tone retention to connect chords effortlessly

4. Analyzing and Transcribing Greene's Progressions

Transcribe Greene's recordings and arrangements to internalize his harmonic language. Pay close attention to:

- The choice of voicings
- The sequence of chords
- The use of chromaticism and modal interchange

Modern Adaptations and Influence

Greene's harmonic ideas have had a far-reaching influence on contemporary guitarists, jazz musicians, and composers. His concepts have been adapted into various genres, from fusion to indie music, enriching the harmonic palette of modern songwriting. Contemporary trends inspired by Greene include:

- Use of extended chords in pop progressions
- Modal interchange to create emotional color
- Chromatic voice leading in film scoring and ambient music

The flexibility and sophistication of Greene's progressions serve as a toolkit for musicians seeking to elevate their harmonic language beyond simple diatonic structures.

Conclusion: Embracing the Modern Harmony of Ted Greene

ted greene modern chord progressions encapsulate a harmonic philosophy rooted in deep theoretical knowledge, creative exploration, and expressive freedom. By mastering his techniques—rich extensions, modal borrowings, voice leading, and chromaticism—musicians can craft progressions that are both sophisticated and emotionally resonant. Greene's work reminds us that harmony is a living, breathing art form, capable of continual innovation. Whether in jazz, pop, or experimental music, his approach continues to inspire and challenge generations of musicians seeking to expand their harmonic horizons.

Incorporating Greene's principles into your own playing involves a combination of study, experimentation, and listening. As you explore his progressions, you'll find that the possibilities are virtually limitless, inviting you to create music that is rich, colorful, and uniquely your own.

Questions & Answers About ted greene modern chord progressions

No	Question	Answer
1	What are some modern chord progressions popularized by Ted Greene?	Ted Greene often utilized jazz-influenced progressions such as ii-V-I, iii-vi-ii-V, and modal interchange, combining complex jazz harmony with modern sensibilities to create rich, sophisticated sounds.
2	How can I incorporate Ted Greene's chord voicings into my modern songwriting?	Start by studying Greene's chord voicings and voice-leading techniques, then experiment with substituting traditional chords with more colorful, jazz-inspired voicings in your progressions to add modern complexity.
3	Are there specific modern genres that benefit from Ted Greene's chord progression techniques?	Yes, genres like jazz fusion, contemporary jazz, neo-soul, and even modern pop can benefit from Greene's sophisticated chord progressions, adding emotional depth and harmonic interest.
4	What are some exercises to practice Ted Greene's modern chord progressions?	Practice voice-leading exercises by connecting chord voicings smoothly, analyze jazz standards for progression patterns, and create your own progressions using Greene's chord formulas to internalize his approach.
5	How do Ted Greene's chord progressions influence modern guitar playing?	Greene's emphasis on voice-leading, jazz harmony, and chord substitution encourages guitarists to explore more complex, colorful progressions, expanding their harmonic vocabulary and improvisational possibilities.
6	Can I adapt Ted Greene's chord progressions for solo guitar arrangements?	Absolutely. Greene's chord voicings are highly adaptable for solo guitar, allowing you to create rich harmonic textures and smooth voice-leading in solo arrangements.
7	What resources are available to learn Ted Greene's approach to modern chord progressions?	Key resources include Greene's instructional books like 'Chord Chemistry,' his instructional videos, and online forums where musicians analyze and share his chord progression techniques.

8	How do Ted Greene's modern chord progressions compare to traditional ones?	Greene's progressions often incorporate jazz harmony, chord substitutions, and modal interchange, making them more colorful and complex compared to traditional diatonic progressions found in classical or folk music.
9	What is the best way to start applying Ted Greene's modern chord progressions to my own music?	Begin by studying his voicings and progressions, experiment with incorporating jazz chords into your compositions, and analyze recordings of his work to understand how he constructs modern, sophisticated harmonic movements.

Ted Greene, modern jazz chords, chord voicings, jazz harmony, chord progressions, guitar chords, jazz guitar, harmony analysis, chord theory, guitar voicings